IDAHO POTATO PULSE



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Website: www.idahopotato.com

New Web Page for Tracking Late Blight by Jeff Miller, Miller Research

For any interested in the current state of late blight: A new web site has been created which tracks the occurrence of late blight. According to the site, late blight has a lready been found in Connecticut, Maine, and Michigan.

The web address for this site is: http://www.usablight.org/

The weather has been very conducive for the establishment of the pathogen. All growers should be prepared to implement a fungicide program that has activity against late blight. In 2010 we wrote a summary paper describing our view of the strengths and weaknesses of various fungicides for late blight management. The report can be found at:

http://www.millerresearch.com/reports/LateBlight/Overview_of_Fungicides_for_Late_Blight.pdf

Options for Farmers with Delayed Planting from Wet Conditions

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE RISK MANAGEMENT AGENCY Contact: Jo Lynne Seufer, (509) 228-6320 jo.lynne.seufer@rma.usda.gov

SPOKANE, WASHINGTON, May 24, 2011 — Gool and extremely wet weather in the inland Northwest has caused crop damage and slowed planting this spring. Dave Paul, Director of USDA's Risk Management Agency (RMA) Spokane Regional Office, encourages producers faced with questions on prevented planting, replant or crop losses this spring, to contact their agent for more information.

Producers who are unable to plant an insured crop by the final planting date due to an insurable cause, such as excess moisture and flooding have a number of options.

- Producers may plant the insured crop during the 25 day late planting period with a reduction in the production guarantee of 1 percent a day for each day planting is delayed after the final planting date.
- Producers may leave the acreage idle and receive a full prevented planting payment or the producer may be
 able to plant the acreage to another crop after the late planting period and receive a reduced prevented
 planting payment.
- Producers with double cropping history can receive a full prevented planting payment within the guidelines of the policy.
- Prevented planting coverage will not be provided for any acreage that does not constitute at least 20 acres or 20
 percent of the insurable crop acreage in the unit. Producers need to keep in mind that group policies do not
 provide prevented planting coverage.

"Producers who are unable to plant due to excess moisture need to contact their insurance company to discuss prevented planting policy requirements related to their specific coverage and farming operation." said Paul. "The producer's insurance company will make the final determination of acres eligible for prevented planting payments." Paul encourages producers to contact their crop insurance agent for assistance. Producers can also get crop insurance information on the web at: www.rma.uscha.gov.

Local crop insurance agents are available to provide program details that reflect the grower's nursery inventory. A list of crop insurance agents is available at all USDA Service Centers throughout the U.S. or at the website: http://www3.rma.usda.gov/tools/agents/.